**Example 8.** If the supply function  $x = f(p_1, p_2, ..., p_m)$  is homogeneous of degree n, show that sum of the partial price elasticities of supply equals n. (x denotes the quantity supplied of a particular commodity and  $p_1, p_2, ..., p_m$  are the prices of the different commodities).

[Delhi Univ. B.Com. (H) 1991, 1997]

**Solution.** Let  $\eta_r$  denote the partial price elasticity of supply for x with respect to  $p_r$  (r = 1, 2, ...., m). Then

$$\eta_r = \frac{p_r}{x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial p_r}$$

Since  $x = f(p_1, p_2, ..., p_m)$  is homogeneous of degree n, therefore by Euler's theorem, we have

$$p_1 \frac{\partial x}{\partial p_1} + p_2 \frac{\partial x}{\partial p_2} + \dots + p_m \frac{\partial x}{\partial p_m} = nx$$

Dividing both sides of this equation by x, we obtain

$$\frac{p_1}{x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial p_1} + \frac{p_2}{x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial p_2} + \dots + \frac{p_m}{x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial p_m} = n$$

$$\eta_1 + \eta_2 + \dots + \eta_m = n$$

i.e.,

In other words, the sum of the partial price elasticities of supply equals n.

Example 9. Demand function for a commodity X is given by

$$D(x) = 300 - \frac{p_x^2}{2} + \frac{p_y}{50} + \frac{Y}{20},$$

where  $p_x$  is the price of the commodity,  $p_y$  is the price of a related commodity and Y the income of the consumer. Find the cross elasticity and income elasticity of demand for X when  $p_x = 10$ ,  $p_y = 15$  and Y = 300.

[Delhi Univ. B. Com. (H) 1988]

**Solution.** The cross partial elasticity of demand for X with respect to  $p_y$  is given by

$$\eta_{x,p_y} = \frac{p_y}{D(x)} \frac{\partial D(x)}{\partial p_y} = \frac{p_y}{300 - \frac{p_x^2}{2} + \frac{p_y}{50} + \frac{Y}{20}} \times \frac{1}{50}$$

Thus evaluating when  $p_x = 10$ ,  $p_y = 15$  and Y = 300, we obtain  $\eta_{x, p_y} = \frac{3}{2653}$ .

Income elasticity of demand for X is given by

$$\eta_{x,Y} = \frac{Y}{D(x)} \frac{\partial D(x)}{\partial Y} = \frac{Y}{300 - \frac{p_x^2}{2} + \frac{p_y}{50} + \frac{Y}{20}} \times \frac{1}{20}$$

Thus evaluating when  $p_x = 10$ ,  $p_y = 15$  and Y = 300, we obtain  $\eta_{x,Y} = \frac{150}{2653}$ .

Example 10. Find the partial elasticities of  $z = x^2 e^y$ .

Solution. Partial elasticity of z w.r.t. x is:  $\eta_{z,x} = \frac{x}{z} \frac{\partial z}{\partial x} = \frac{x}{x^2 e^y} 2x e^y = 2$ 

Partial elasticity of z w. r. t. y is:  $\eta_{z,y} = \frac{y}{z} \frac{\partial z}{\partial y} = \frac{y}{x^2 e^y} x^2 e^y = y$ .

## **EXERCISE 9.1**