TEACHER'S LESSON PLAN FOR YEAR

(2016-2017, 2017-2018, 2018-2019, 2019-2020, 2020-2021)

Teacher's			
name	Department	Course	Subjects
Dr.Bharti			
Mohan	History	B.A(P)	History

SUBJECT	History of India, c. 300 to 120	0 [2016-2017, 2017-2018, 2018-1019]	No. of
NAME UNITS	Core Course II	Sub Topics	Lectures
011113	Core course ii	1. State Formation	
		2. Administrative Framework	
	The Guptas and Vakatakas: State and	3. Social Structure	
1	administration, economy, society,	4. Economy	
	religion, literature, art, science and	5. Cultural life of two important and vast	
	technology	empires that emerged in the mid-third century	
		ICE	15
		1.Vardhana's Politics	
	Towards the early medieval: changes	2. Vardhana's Culture	
	in society, polity, economy and culture	3.Pallava's Politics	
2	with special	4.Pallava's Culture	
	reference to Pallavas, Chalukyas and	5.Chalukya's Politics	
	Vardhanas	6.Chalukya's Culture	15
	Evolution of political structures of the	,	
	Rastrakutas, Palas and Pratiharas;	1. State formation of post-Gupta polities.	
3	economy; religious	2. Tripartite struggle	15
	and cultural development		
	·	1. State formation in the medieval period	
	Emergence of Rajput states in	2. The nature of evolving Rajput polity	
4	Northern India: Socio-economic	3. Social Structure	
	foundations	4. Economic Developments	10
		1. Study of state formation in the medieval	
		period in southern reaches of the Indian	
		subcontinent.	
5	s: State and administration, economy ar	2. Chola Polity	
		3. Social Structure	
		4. Economy	
		5. Cultural Developments	15
	The Arabs; the Ghaznavids in the	1. Transregional Exchange	
6	Northwest; establishment of the Delhi	2. Arabs Attack	15
	Sultanate; overland	3.Ghaznavids Attack	
	and maritime trade	1 11 111	

SUBJECT	Archives and Museum -Skill -IV [2016-2017, 2017-2018, 2018-1019]		No. of
NAME		T	Lectures
UNITS	Skill Course	Sub Topics	Lectures
1	Definition of Archives and Museum	1.Types of Archives	10
1	Definition of Archives and Museum	2. Types of Museum	10
	History of the setting up of museums:	1.Setting up of Museum	

	case study of Indian Museum, Calcutta;	2 The history of development of Museum	
2	Salarjung	3 Case study of one Museum (Calcutta	15
	Museum, Hyderabad; and National	Museum ,Hyderabad Museum)	
	Museum, Delhi (one case study)	4. Case study of National Museum ,Delhi	
2	History of the setting up of archives: Case study of the National Archives of	1. Setting up of Archives	45
3	India, Delhi (one case study)	2. Case study of the National Archives of India	15
		1. Museum and Archives	
		2.Virtual	
4	museums and archives: virtual; digital;	3. Digital	20
		4. Crafts	
		5. Media	

SUBJECT NAME	Popular Cultur (Skill) - VI [2016-2017, 2017-2018, 2018-1019]		No. of Lectures
UNITS	Skill Course	Sub Topics	Lectures
1	Defining popular culture	1. Popular Culture as Folk Culture	
1	Deminig popular culture	2. Mass Culture	10
		1. Definition of Theatre	
2	Theatre-folk, tales, songs and dances	2.Description of Theatre	
		3.Folk, Tales, Songs, Dances	15
		1.Folklore meaning and types	
3	and oral traditions of kathas, narratives,	2. Oral tradition meaning and types	
		3. Kathas, narratives, legends	15
4	Festivals, Fairs and Rituals	1. Definition of festivals, Fairs and rituals	
4		2. Types of festivals, fairs and rituals	10
		1.Meaning of pilgrimage and pilgrim	
5	Pilgrimage and Pilgrim Practices	2. Different pilgrimage sites in India	
		3. Why do people go on pilgrimages	15

SUBJECT NAME	History of India, c. 1200-1700 [2016-2017, 2017-2018, 2018-1019]		
UNITS	Core Course	Sub Topics	Lectures
1	consolidation of the Sultanates of Delhi c.13thto 15th: Expansion; iqtasystem; administrative reforms;	Politics, Economy and Administrative transitions under the various Sultanate regimes.	10
2	al political formations: Gujarat and Vijay	Economy of the Vijayanagara state. Politics, Society and Economy of the Gujarat state Historical details of the Vijayanagara state and Gujarat state	10
3	Foundation, expansion and consolidation of the Mughal state, c.16th to 17th century: expansion and consolidation; Rajputs; Mansabdari and Jagirdari; imperial ideology: assessing Aurangzeb	Complex Political, Cultural and Social world constructed under the Mughal regime. Diverse ways in which Mughal imperial ideology Various historiographical debates on Aurangzeb.	15
		1.The emerging political formations in the Deccan and the Punjab plains.	

4	17th century transitions: Marathas; Sikh	2.Through a study of the Marathas and Sikhs they would develop a better understanding of how the competition for resources in the seventeenth century contributed to the emergence of a new body of elites with political aspirations	10
5	Art and architecture in medieval India: Qutb complex; Vijayanagara(Hampi); Fatehpur Sikri;Mughal miniature painting	1.The architectural and painting traditions in the medieval period. 2. The political and artistic contributions of patrons, painters, architects and artisans in the development of artistic representations of this period. 3. Achieved through a series of case studies of a mosque (the Qutb Complex), imperial cities (Fatehpur Sikri and Hampi) 4. Mughal miniature paintings	10
6	Society, culture and religion: Bhakti Kabir and Mira Bai; Sufism – Nizamuddin Auliya;Sufism in popular literature from the Deccan: Chakki- Nama and Charkha-Nama.	The cultural traditions in the medieval period with special reference to Kabir and Mirabai, and Nizam al-Din Auliya Popular mystic literature from the South.	15
7	Economy and integrated patterns of exchange: rural and urbanlinkages;commercial practices (usury and banking);maritime trade and non-agrarian production	1.The gradual integration of agricultural and artisanal production in this unit. 2. The establishment of circuits of exchange gradually tied rural, qasbah and city production, a process that will be charte from the medieval into the early modern period. 3.They will also be expected to develop an understanding of the Indian Ocean trade and its impact on South Asian economy	15

SUBJECT NAME	Issues in World History- II (the 20th Century) [2016-2017, 2017-2018, 2018-1019]		No. of Lectures
UNITS	DSE VI	Sub Topics	Lectures
	Colonialism and Nationalism: a	1.This Unit shall discuss the global impact of the Cold War though specified case studies.	
1	synoptic view. Social transformations after the Second World	2. Debate on the Cold war	
_	War; the Cold War; the character of	3. Colonialism- a synoptic view	
	Communist states	4. The Non-Aligned Moement	
	Communist states	5. End of the Cold War	20
		1. Globalisation meaning	
	Descriptives an development and	2,Impact of globalisation	
2	Perspectives on development and	3.Effect of globlisation	
2	underdevelopment; globalisation a	4. Globlisation ; Good or Bad	
	long view	5. Economic Impact	
		6.Anti globalisation Movement	20
		important case studies of popular movements	
		that emerged in the latter half of the twentieth	
		century.	
	Social movements in the North and the	2.Globalization and Environment	
3	South: ecological, feminist, human	3.Women and Ecology	

	rights issues.	4.What is Faminism?]
		5. Feminist Movement	1
		6. Origins of Human Rights	1
		7. The Human Rights Agenda	20
	Modernity and cultural	1.The Modernist Movement	
4	transformation: emerging trends in	2. Trends in Culture	
	culture. Media and consumption	3. Media and consumption	20

SUBJECT NAME	History of India, c. 300 to	o 1200 [2019 -2020, 2020 -2021]	No. of
UNITS	Core Course II	Sub Topics	Lectures
1	Survey of the sources	1.Introduced to the varied sources used for	
1	Survey of the sources	writing history of ancient India from c. 300 CE	10
		1. State Formation	
		2. Administrative Framework	
	The Guptas and Vakatakas: State and	3. Social Structure	
2	administration, economy,	4. Economy	
	society,religion, literature, Art	5. Cultural life of two important and vast	
		empires that emerged in the mid-third century	
		CE	10
		1.The evolving state formation and socio-	
	Channel in the most Combon social	economic transformations that debated by	
3	Changes in the post-Gupta period,	historians	10
	characterizing early medieval India	2. Used to distinguish the early medieval	
		period in the Indian subcontinent.	
		1.Vardhana's Politics	
		2. Vardhana's Culture	
4	Vardhanas, Pallavas and Chalukyas:	3.Pallava's Politics	
4	political and cultural developments	4.Pallava's Culture	
		5.Chalukya's Politics	
		6.Chalukya's Culture	15
5	utas, Palas and Pratiharas: The tripartite	1. State formation of post-Gupta polities.	10
	Concrete of Deignet states in	1.State formation in the medieval period	
C	Emergence of Rajput states in Northern India: Socio-economic	2.The nature of evolving Rajput polity	
6		3.Social Structure	
	foundations	4. Economic Developments	10
		1. Study of state formation in the medieval	
		period in southern reaches of the Indian	
		subcontinent 2.Chola polity	
7	s: State and administration, economy a	3. Social Structure	
		4. Economy	
		5. Cultural Developments	10
		Transregional Exchange	
8	The Arabs, the Ghaznavids in the	2. Arabs attack	
Ü	northwest, trans-regional exchange	3. Ghaznavids attack	10

SUBJECT NAME	History of India, c. 1200-1700 [2019-2020, 2020-2021]		No. of Lectures
UNITS	Core Course III	Sub Topics	Lectures

		T		
	Foundation, expansion and			
	consolidation of the Sultanates of	Politics, Economy and Administrative		
1	Delhi c.13th to 15th century:	transitions under the various Sultanate		
	Expansion; Iqta system; administrative	regimes.		
	reforms; nobility			15
2	egional political formations: Vijayanagar	a		10
		(i) Expansion and consolidation		
	Foundation, expansion and	(ii) Rajputs		
3	consolidation of the Mughal State,	(iii)Mansabdari and Jagirdari		
	c.16th to 17th century	(iv) Imperial Ideology		
		(v) Reassessing Aurangzeb	15	
4	17th century transitions	(i) Marathas		10
4	17th century transitions	(ii) Sikhs		
		(i) Qutb complex		
5	Art and architecture in medieval India	(ii) Vijayanagara (Hampi)		
] 3	Art and architecture in medieval india	(iii)Fatehpur Sikri		
		(iv) Mughal miniature painting	10	
		(i) Bhakti Kabir and Mira Bai		
		(ii)Sufism – Nizamuddin		
6	Society, culture and religion	Auliya and Sufism in popular literature from		
		the Deccan: Chakki-Nama and Charkha-		
		Nama.	15	
		(i) Rural and urban linkages		
7	nomy and integrated patterns of exchar	(ii) Maritime		
		trade and non-agrarian production	10	

TEACHER'S LESSON PLAN FOR YEAR 2018-19

Teacher's name	Department	Course	Subjects
Nalini Singh	History		

UNITS		No. of Lectures
1	Interpreting ancient India; survey of sources	10
2	Survey of Palaeolithic, Mesolithic and Neolithic cultures: rock art	10
3	Harappan Civilization : origin, extent; urban features – town planning, economy, society and religion; decline. Chalcolithic cultures	10
4	Vedic culture: polity, economy, society and religion. Beginnings of the iron age. Megalithic cultures	10
5	Emergence of Mahajanapadas (territorial states); rājyas and gaṇas/saṇghas; Magadhan expansion	10
6	Buddhism and Jainism: doctrines; spread	8
7	The Mauryan empire: state and administration, economy, Ashoka's Dhamma, art and architecture	10
8	Post Mauryan Age with special reference to Satavahanas and Kushanas: polity, economy, society, art	8
9	Sangam Age: polity, economy and society.	8

UNITS	Sub Topics of Units	sub topics	No. of Lectures
1	India in the 18 th century-society, economy, polity and culture		10
	culture		
2	Expansion and consolidation of British power with special reference to Bengal, Mysore, Maratha and Punjab		10
3	Making of a Colonial Economy:		
	a. Land revenue settlements, Drain of Wealth	5	
	b. De-industrialisation, commercialisation of agriculture	5	
4	a. Socio-religious reform movements in the 19 th century: an overview	5	
	b. Phule, Ambedkar and the caste question	5	
	c. Peasant and tribal movements	5	
5	The Revolt of 1857causes, nature and consequences	5	
6	Nationalist politics, 1858-1947:		
	a. Foundation of the Indian National Congress.	5	
	b. Moderates' economic critique of British Rule	3	
	c. Extremists and Militant Nationalists	3	
	d. Mahatma Gandhi and Mass Nationalism: Gandhian thought, techniques and movements	10	
7	Growth of communal politics and the Partition of India		5
8	Independence, Indian Constitution and the establishment of the Republic		5

SUBJECT NAME	SUBJECT NAME: DSE III Issues in World History- I (The 20 th Century)			
UNITS		No. of Lectures		
1	Concept and definitions: contemporary era, capitalist industrialization, modernity, imperialism.	15		
2	First World War: analysis of its causes, course and consequences in Europe and the world. Paris Peace settlement, League of Nations, Mandate System.	15		
3	1917 Russian Revolution: origins, course,impact on Russia and the world.	10		
4	Economic recovery and instability in Europe up to 1929. Global Depression, its impact on industrialized and semi-colonial worlds.	15		
5	Rise of fascism and its relationship to parliamentary democracy. Liberalism and Communism; case studies of Germany and Japan up to the Second World War; the meaning of the Second World War.	15		

SUBJECT NAME	BJECT NAME: DSE VI/ Issues in World History- II (The 20 th Century)			
UNITS		No. of Lectures		
	Colonialism and Nationalism: a synoptic view. Social			
1	transformations after the Second World War; the Cold War;	20		
	the character of Communist states			
2	Perspectives on development and underdevelopment;	45		
2	globalisation a long view	15		
2	Social movements in the North and the South: ecological,	20		
3	feminist, human rights issues.	20		
	Modernity and cultural transformation: emerging trends in	4.5		
4	culture. Media and consumption	15		

UNITS			No. of Lectures
1	Defining heritage		4
	a. Art and architecture in India: an overview	8	
2	Understanding built heritage		4
	a. Stupa architecture – Sanchi	4	
	b. Temple architecture a case study of any temple/temple complex	8	
	c. Indo-Persian architecture, forts, palaces, mosques: Delhi	8	
	d. Colonial architecture: Delhi	4	
3	Varieties of tourism		8
	a. Tourism management	8	
	b.Tour packages	8	

SUBJECT NAME: SEC-III/ An Introduction to Archaeology		
UNITS		No. of Lectures
1	Defining archaeology; understanding its origins and development	12

2	The variety of archaeological evidence	16
3	Survey and excavation of sites and features	16
	Discovering human experience through archaeology –	
4	environment, technology, subsistence, society, trade and	16
	ways of thinking	

SUBJECT NAME	SUBJECT NAME: SEC VI/ Popular Culture			
UNITS		No. of Lectures		
1	Defining popular culture	8		
2	Theatre-folk, tales, songs and dances	12		
3	Folklore and oral traditions of kathas, narratives, legends	16		
4	Festivals, fairs and rituals	12		
5	Pilgrimage and pilgrim practices	12		
6	Food cultures of India	8		

TEACHER'S LESSON PLAN FOR YEAR 2019-20

Teacher's name	Department	Course	Subjects
Nalini Singh	History		

SUBJECT NAME	SUBJECT NAME:Core Course I/ History of India from the earliest times up to c. 300 CE			
UNITS		No. of Lectures		
1	Interpreting Ancient India; survey of sources	10		
2	Prehistoric Cultures: Palaeolithic, Mesolithic, Neolithic; rock art	10		
3	Harappan Civilization:Origin and extent, town planning, economy, society and religion, decline and continuity. Chalcolithic cultures	10		
4	Vedic Culture: polity, economy, society and religion. Beginnings of the iron age; Megalithic cultures	10		
5	Post-Vedic Period:material and social changes, Mahajanapadas and the rise of Magadha, Buddhism and Jainism: doctrines; spread	10		
6	The Mauryan Empire:state and administration, society, economy, Ashoka's Dhamma, decline, art and architecture	10		
7	The Far South: Tamilakam; polity, economy and society	10		
8	Post-Mauryan age with special reference to Satavahanas and Kushanas: polity, economy, society, culture	10		

UNITS	Sub Topics of Units	sub topics	No. of Lectures
1	India in the 18th century- Background and Debates		10
2	Expansion and consolidation of British power: Special		10
	reference to Bengal, Mysore, Maratha and Punjab		10
3	Making of the British Colonial Economy:		
	a. Land revenue settlements	5	
	b. Commercialisation of agriculture	3	
	c. Deindustrialisation	3	

	d. Drain of wealth	3	
4	The Revolt of 1857: Causes, nature and consequences	5	
5	Social and Religious Reform Movements in Colonial India		
	a. Overview of reformist and revivalist movements in the 19th century	5	
	b. Caste Movements (Phule, Sree Narayan Guru, Ambedkar)	5	
	c. Peasant and tribal movements: an overview	5	
6	Growth of the National Movement, 1858-1947		
	a. Early nationalism and foundation of the Indian National Congress	5	
	b. A critique of colonialism (moderates, extremists and militant nationalists)	3	
	c. Mahatma Gandhi and mass nationalism: Non- cooperation, Civil Disobedience, and Quit India movements; relationship between the masses and leades	7	
7	Development of Communalism and the Partition of India		
	a. An overview of the growth of communalism	5	
	b. Towards Freedom and Partition	5	
8	Independent India: Making of the Constitution: The evolution of the Constitution and its Main Provisions; basic features of the Constitution	10	

UNITS	Sub Topics of Units		No. of Lectures
1	The Concept and Definition: What is World History?		10
2	First World War:		
	a. Consequences in Europe and the world	10	
	b. League of Nations	5	
3	1917 Russian Revolution:		
	a. Formation of the USSR	5	
	b. Debates on socialism and the role of the Communist		
	International (Comintern)	10	
1	Fascism and Nazism: Germany and Japan and Second World		
4	War	15	
5	Modernity, Rights and Democracy:		
	a. The suffragette movement (England)	5	
	b. Anti-colonial struggles (Indonesia)	10	
	c. The formation of the United Nations	5	
	d. Art and politics (Picasso)	5	

UNITS	Sub Topics of Units	No. of Lectures
1	Constitution of heritage in colonial India: Institutionalization	
	and commodification of Indian art and architecture:	
	collections, exhibitions, museums and monumentalization –	20
	case study of the Great Exhibition, London; Kew Gardens,	20
	London; Indian Museum, Kolkata; Tranquebar; guide books	
	and travel literature.	

2	Tourism: marketing heritage		
	a. Religious Tourism: Case studies of Kashi, Sarnath, Ajmer	8	
	Sharif, Amritsar, Bom Jesus Cathedral of old Goa	8	
	b. Memory and tourism: Raj nostalgia, Indian diaspora's search for roots	4	
	c. Ecotourism: commercialising nature	4	
	d. Exhibiting culture: handicrafts, heritage walks and tours, palaces, heritage festivals	4	
3	Sustainable Tourism		
	a. Interface with local sensibilities: case study of Agra, Simla, Goa	12	
	b. Conservation of Heritage: Humayun's Tomb, Ajanta Caves	12	
4	Field trips/Project work: Some suggestions:		
	a. Field Trips to Mathura Museum, National Museum,		
	National Gallery of Modern Art, Rail Museum, Sulabh		
	International Museum of Toilets, National Craft Museum,		
	galleries, exhibitions		
	b. Heritage walks/trails to monuments and sites		
	c. Visit to light and sound shows and live performances at monuments, sites		
	d. Documenting the impact of tourism on heritage sites and local communities		
	e. Making a report on the ongoing conservation projects of		
	various sites by the ASI, Aga Khan Trust for Culture, INTACH		
	and other community and private organizations		
	f. Food tourism etc.		

SUBJECT NAME: SEC-III/ History and Archaeology		
UNITS		No. of Lectures
1	Defining Archaeology: Aims and methods; Understanding its origins and Development; Variety of archaeological evidence; Survey and excavation of sites and features; Stratigraphy.	16
2	Origin and development of archaeology in India; Role of archaeologists and institutions.	16
3	Exploring human experience through archaeology in India: Environment, Technology and Subsistence patterns; Society, Trade and Art.	16
4	Problems of Correlating Textual Materials and Archaeological Evidence: the epics, Sangama texts and the Buddhist tradition.	16
5	Visit to a museum, an archaeological site, report preparation and presentations are part of this course.	

SUBJECT NAME: SEC VII/ Understanding Texts, Rituals and Orality in Indian History			
UNITS			No. of Lectures
1	Introduction: Critically understanding historical documents, rituals and orality		16

2	Reading Documents: Structure and Meaning of Documents	12
3	Exploring Ritual Practices and Performance: The Dynamics of the Field	8
4	Listening to Oral Narratives: The Mnemonics of Speech	16
5	Case Study of historical documents, ritual practices and oral traditions (with a paper on any one)	12

SUBJECT NAME: MIL/ Communicating Culture: Tellings, Representations and Leisure		
UNITS		No. of Lectures
1	Tellings: Myths, tales and folklore	20
2	Performance as communication: Theatre, puppetry and music	20
3	Processions as display: Yatra, barat&julus	20
4	Sporting: Mind, body & nation	20

SUBJECT NAME: MIL/ Histories of Inequalities			
UNITS		No. of Lectures	
1	Caste: Varna and Jati	15	
2	Gender and the household	15	
3	Untouchability	15	
4	Tribes and forest dwellers	15	
5	Equality and the Indian constitution	20	